OUR TIMBER LANDS The United States of America is comparatively a young nation, but it is old enough its people to have destroyed much of our great forests. Indeed, the destruction of our timber lands has been so great that thoughtful men, who believe that one generation should consult the interests of those who are to succeed them, are protesting against the wanton destruction of forest timber. General James T. Prisbin, in an able and interesting letter ably follow, and shows the evils which the timber vandals will entail upon posterity. General Brisbin shows that timber is of slow pidity of men should not be allowed to de- quiet; futures closed weak at 6 41-64d for stroy what they cannot produce in a life- April, April-May, and 6 54 64d for August-We take the following extract from

General Brisbin's letter: General Briabin's letter:

The verscious monater who threatens to devour all our young timber in his insatiable maw is the railroad int rest of the United States. Last year there were 101,000 miles of railway in this country, and this year we are building 16,000 miles of new railway. All these roads have to be tied with comparatively young timber. I have not at hand an estimate of the number of ties used per mile, but the annual consumption is very large. Some years ago to build 71,000 miles of railway required 184,000,000 ties. Thes have to be replaced every seven years, and it is fair to set down the number of ties required annually for future consumption at 160,000,000. As every one knows, railroad ties are cut from young timber, the trees being from eight to twenty inches in diameter, and this demand strikes at the very source of our timber supply. It is a fact that the fences of the being from eight to twenty inches in diameter and this demand strikes at the very source of our imber snoply. It is a fact that the fence's of the United States have cost more than the land, and they are to-day the most valuable class of property in the United States, except buildings, railroads and real estate in cities. To keep up the fences requires annually an enormous consumption of timber. The 12,000 farms in Kentucky require 150,000,000 panels of fence to inclose them. The rumber of rails required is set down at 2,000,000,000, cost ng \$75,000,000. To repair and keep in good order the fences in th's one State alone costs annually \$10,000,000. classe, it is said, of John Kelly. A disinferstrong of History and Comparatively new state, has
\$200,000,000 invested in fences, but it costs only
about \$200,000 annually for repairs, many of her
fences being constructed of wire. The whote
rathe of the lences in the United States may be
set down at \$2,000,000, and it costs \$100,000,000
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aunually to keep them: In repairs, the city of Chiset down at \$2,000,000,000, and it costs \$100,000,000
aunually to keep them: In repairs, the set of the set o

all that is worth taking. Every year we demand 8,000 000 acres of trees and plant less than 1,000,000 acres to replace them. The end is so plain even a fool may read it as he runs.

And the timber vandals follow the march of civilization with the same instincts that induce the wolves to follow the wake of an army. The Chicago timber vandals, having destroyed all the accessible timber, are hunting for new pastures. The road will soon be finished from Kansas City, Mo., to Forrest City, Ark., and we understand that the vandals have swooped down upon all the fine timber lands and will soon commence a wasteful havoc upon the forests. The navichants with the view of purchasing the tim reams are gradually drying up. In twentyad, or even worse, off for timber than the there will be a timber famine. As the country increases in population the greater will be the destruction of the forestr. The ques-tion naturally suggests itself, What is the zemedy? Extreme fanatics have suggested that no tree should be destroyed until pronever did anything for the present generation, it is not likely that the present generawithout the timber of the forests there is

There is still sufficient uncertainty to what practical use can be got out of electricity as a street and house-lighter to make the subject one of much interest. Electricity, as a source of artificial light, is a new thing; we are only at the initial point; we are where what we do not know greatly exceeds what we do know. There are difficulties and observed to the entry of the governor indignantly denies this. He would not say, however, that he might not pardon them. The governor says he bethe keenest and most practical minds of the Washington, Pa., April 19.—The hearing in the consumer as gas? That great inthe consumer as gas? This guestion is not yet answered. Of course the various systems on trial are more topolics, covered by patents, and present in soon and the saloon; keepers, browness the various systems on trial are more topolics, covered by patents, and present in soon and the saloon; keepers, browness and whisky dealers were held here to-day to decide on a good attendants, and makes honorable mention of the services of Dr. Smith Townsents and attendants, and makes honorable mention of the services of Dr. Smith Townsents and its fine and long continued services of the surgeons and attendants, and makes honorable mention of the services of Dr. Smith Townsents and stendants, and makes honorable mention of the services of Dr. Smith Townsents and attendants, and makes honorable mention of the services of Dr. Smith Townsents and stendants, and makes honorable mention of the services of Dr. Smith Townsents and the services of Dr. Smith Townsents and surgeons and attendants, and makes honorable mention of the services of Dr. Smith Townsents and the services of Dr. Smith Townsents and surgeons and attendants, and makes honorable mention of the services of Dr. Smith Townsents and surgeons and attendants, and makes honorable mention of the services of Dr. Smith Townsents and the services of Dr. Smith Townsents and implicated Thompson transacted the business was conducted. He furnished the money and Thompson transacted the business are commenced this eventing. Ruth while on the stand admitted his guilt and implicated Thompson, giving a description of how the business was conducted. He furnished the money and Thompson transacted the business are commenced to the service of Dr. Smith Townsents and surgeons and attendants, and makes honorable mention of the services of Dr. Smith Townsents and surgeons and attendants, and makes honorable mention of the services of Dr. Smith Townsents and surgeons and attendants, and mention of the services of Dr

Strange Coincidence.

\$17 50 a year for each lamp. Baltimore has made a contract to light the business streets on the Brush light system, but the cost is at the rate of \$20,000 a year more than the gas companies would have accepted. Edison puts in his incandescent lights on an obligation that they will not cost more than tass. but experience only can demonstrate

Strange Coincidence.

Thoy, N. Y., April 19.—The funeral of Ned Goss, the comedian, took place to-day. James Goss, his brother, died just twelve years ago the same day, month and hour, the funeral took place from the same house at the same hour, the funeral services being conducted by the same Methodist clergyman.

If you desire a true medicinal tonic that position. whether he will make money at that rate, or whether he can ultimately supply his lamps whether he can ultimately supply his lamps at a rate lower than gas costs. That what is done now in the way of electric lighting can and will be improved upon, and higher perfection obtained nobody doubts, but the cal manager, is reported from London. question of comparative cost remains to be question of comparative cost remains to be PEDENTRIANISM made easy by using Geranewered. There are good reasons, however, man Corn Remover. Get the gengine: 25c. to hope that the electric system will come off | Druggists.

in the end the winner in the contest. In London a portion of the Kensington Museum his carbon lighting at half the co-t of the gaslights that preceded it. In other portion lights of which, as compared with gas, are entirely antisfactory to the consumers. It is claimed for the Siemans alternate current machines, that their lamps will cost forty seven per cent, less than gas. The slow but certain results of experience must be awaited before we can determine what will be the light of the future. When Edison's system comes into full play, as it will when his down town New York lamps are brought into nightly use, we shall advance one step toward solving the very interesting questionwill the electric lights, in some shape or

THE cotton market yesterday opened and closed steady with light demand; middling published in the New York World, discusses | quoted 12c. In New York spot middling the wasteful havor of our forest timbers and | was 12 c, and steady; futures closed quiet the serious consequences which will inevit- and steady; April 12 20@12.22. In New growth, that it was never intended for the 1202@12.04. In Liverpool middling upuse of a single generation, and that the cu- lands were 6 11-16d, and Orleans 6id, and

> KATE FIELD wants to bring American men into disrepute by compelling them to show their calves after the manner of Oscar Wilde. But she "cawn't do it, you know; she

THE New York Public makes the very excellent suggestion anent the telegraph pole and wire puisance in cities, "that a small periodical outlays. tax on every wire above the surface would soon determine the question whether wires could be put under ground," as is now done

Dorsey carried Indiana and was mainly Dorsey carried Indiana and was mainly instrumental in carrying New York by purchase, it is said, of John Kelly. A disinter-ested patriot, he was content with such remuneration for this work as the Star routes

783 51.7 14.3 dempe is at 7 a.m., April 19, 1882-HAMBLETON, Signal Corps. U.S.A.

WASHINGTON, April 14, 1882

recessity is the mother of invention; the genuity of our civilization has been equal all exigences; but if the world can live thout the timber of the forests there is pe of subsisting without fire, water, or

least, to supplant steam? As a source of light can it advantageously, in the long run, be put in the place of gas? The latter point is the one toward which public attention has been most directed, and there much has been accomplished. The lights are now made fairly steady, and for streets, large halls, manufactories and so on their ntility is very a week ago here received orders from Frank. manufactories and so on their utility is very great. The next thing the public is await- fort-on-the-Main to buy, and the price has feel authorized to state that those claims advanced to \$3 per \$1000.

nopolies, covered by patents, and present charges are unreliable, because they may be kept higher than open competition would admit, or they may be lower than fair from other points indicate that the law will

Jack Haverly Reported Dead.

SENATOR GARLAND

fo the city lamps are in use, the prices of the In Advocacy of His Amendment In creasing the Mississippi River Appropriation \$15,000,000.

> Reports of the Committee to Audit the Expenses of the Illness and Death of President Garfield.

and steady; April 12 20@12.22. In New signed by the governor and members of the general assembly and other citizens of Ohio, setting forth that the enfranchisement of the freedmen had imposed upon the governor.

the freedmen had imposed upon the government an obligation to qualify them for citizenship, and praying in view of this fact and the appalling illiteracy of the voting population, as revealed in the last census, that liberal appropriations be made for educating the propie of the States. Referred.

The discussion of the Mississippi river improvement bill was resumed, and Senator Jonas [La.] argued in favor of applying part of the appropriation to the immediate repair or construction of such levees as in the judgment of the Mississippi River Commission will assist in deepening the channel and in improving navigation. and in improving navigation.

Senator Garland spoke in advocacy of his amendment increasing the appropriation to \$15,000,000. He urged that experience had demonstrated the economy of a sufficiently adequate appropriation in bulk rather than periodical outlaws.

to \$15,000,000. Heurged that experience had demonstrated the economy of a sufficiently adequate appropriation in bulk rather than periodical outlays.

Senator Frye remarked that the votes of sny Northern members against any appropriation for the repairs of levees ought not to be construed as indicative of sectional to be construed as indicative of sectional

hostility on their part.

The bill then went over until to-morrow.

cussion lasted until 4 o'clock, when the pre-vious question was ordered, and then an hour was accorded to George G. Cannon to present his claims, who occupied his full time in a defense of Mormonism, more especially the institution of polygamy. Mr. Catkins [Ind.] closed the debate with

claring Cannon entitled to the seat, and was rejected—yeas, 79; nays, 123. This was a party vote, with the exception of Messrs. Beltzhoover, Colerick, Cobb, Cassidy, Holman, Mosgrove, Murch, Rice [Mo.], Matson and Turner [Ky.], who voted in the negative with the Republicans, and Mr. Campbel [Pat] in the affirmative with the Democrats The majority resolutions, declaring that neither Cannon nor Campbell is entitled to

GENERAL WASHINGTON NOTES. Expediting Business in the House. One of the principal topics of discussion at the caucus of Republican members of the House Friday evening, was the importance of expediting business in the House and avoiding, as far as possible, delays incident to frequent antagonisms of the various measures upon questions under consideration.

Mr. Page has very carefully canvassed the

The Senate Finance Committee made an

Glassey, a claim agent here, made a statement to the House committee regarding the method of passing claims in the quarter-master-general's office. He said that an understanding existed with certain clerks in the claims bureau under which the clerk's would borrow money and never repsy it, and that these learn ware sixtually the

The majority report on the bill reported from the select committee to sudit the expenses of the late president, sets forth that after giving much attention to the subject as its importance demands, your committee are presented for payment are correct and just The report refers to the grave responsibili

ties the assiduous care and untiring

late president. We are perfectly willing to concede that a liberal compensation should be allowed the physicians and surgeons—a compensation in excess even of what it was possible for any of the medical attendants to have earned in ordinary practice during the time—but the sums recommended to be paid by the majority of the committee we regard as excessive. We are of the opinion that there was no extraordinary medical skill exhibited in the treatment of the case, and nothing calling for an extraordinary allowance for professional services, but while willing to be liberal could not con-

sent to the manner of payment recom-mended, nor to the extravagance and wanton lavishment of the public funds. We also

ing said report be recommitted with instruc-tions to the committee to require all persons having claims cognizable by said committee, to present the accounts thereof and to require claimants in all cases to furnish proof as to the value of services rendered, or materials furnished; and in case of allowances for professional services as

professional services. JOS. S. BLACKBURN, WM. M. SPRINGER, BENJ. LEFEVRE. Minor Mention. rebal Henry offers \$500 for the appre-

on of Captain Howgate,
udge Wylie to-day overruled the metion
quash the indictment in the Soteldo case.
Judge Wylie will announce his decision
on the motion for a bill of particulars in the Star-route cases to-morrow.

It has been decided to send the United States steamship Iroquois, now at Ware Island, Cal., to the relief at the officers and crew of the Rogers.

The case of Hallet Kilburn ugainst John

G. Thompson, formerly sergeant-at-arms of the House, for false imprisonment, with damages at \$150,000, came before the court to-day. A petition has been referred to the House

Committee on Indian Affairs, charging that funds intended for the education of the Indians is being used in advancing certain sectarism interests, and entering a protest.

The House Committee on Pacific Railroads day directed an adverse report on the rep resentatives' bill, proposing an appropria-tion of \$50,000 to enable the secretary of war to purchase the telegraph line and branches. The Senate Committee on Railroads has agreed to recommend the passage of the bill incorporating the Cherokee Central Railway Company with the right of way through the Indian Territory from Fort Smith, Ark., along the Arkansas, the Grand and Verdigris rivers to a point on a line between the Indi-an Territory and Kansas, near Arkansas

THE WOULD-BE ASSASSIN

tended for Another Week. movements of Turkish troops in Tripoli pra-vented the submission of certain Tunisian insurgents. The French are greatly irri-tated and regard the occupation of certain parts of the frontier of Tripoli as indis-

PARNELL HEARD FROM.

A bailiff in the employ of Lord Leconfield has been found murdered at Kildysert. He recently served several writs upon tenants.

PARIS, April 19.—The cabinet council approved the scheme of DeLesseps for cutting a canal through the neck of land divid-ing the Gulf of Gabes from the salt marshes and low-lying parts of the desert of Sahara to the south of Tunis. It is expected that the sea will, in virtue of this cutting, once Carnisle's bill for the extension of the whisky bond period, but he replied that he could not come, owing to illness in his family, and did not fix any day when he would appear. The committee hope to get his views some time this week. It is known that he opposes the will.

THE MANSION HOUSE JEWISH COMMITTEE. London, April 19.—The Mansion House

At R-ading to-day, Lord Chief Justice Coloridge charged the grand jury in the case of Roderick MacLean, who attempted to shoot the queen. His lordship said that State trials in England have been rare, but the law bearing on the case, though over 500 years old, was undoubted. The facts, as nearrated in the depositions of the witnesses, clearly supported the charge. A number of persons in the court-room wore primroses, Lord Beacon-field's favorite flower, in memory of the late earl, to day being the anni-

corresponding to contribution were primarous, or of the late earl, tooly being the amilton of the contribution were primarous, or of the late earl, tooly being the amilton of the contribution of the contribution were of the late earl, tooly being the amilton of the contribution of the

And Immense Destruction of Property by an Electric Storm of Unparalleled Severity.

Blocks of Brick Buildings Crushed to Atoms and Frame Houses Torn to Splinters.

washington, April 19.—Senate.—Senator Allison, from the Committee on Finance, reported the bill to allow the investment of funds of the Agricultural College of Iowa. Passed.

The time assigned to the calendar was largely occupied by discussion on the bill to of the discussion on the bill to of the discussion on the bill to general sasembly and other citizens of Ohio, setting forth that the enfranchisement of the freedmen had imposed upon the government assembly and praying in view of the fact and the appaling illiteracy of the voting population, as revealed in the last census, that liberal appropriations be made for educating the propose of the State. Referred the safe appropriation to the limited and the appropriation to the limited and the appropriation to the limited and the appropriation to the immediate repair or construction of such levees as in a rotary reports of the appropriation to the immediate repair or construction of such levees as in the committee to require all persons and the appropriation to the limited and the appropriation to the limited and the appropriation to the limited and the appropriation to the committee to gether with the bill accompanying and other citizens of the committee to gether with the bill accompanying and the appropriation to the limited and the proposition of the total control of the committee to gether with the bill accompanying and report be recommitted with instructions to the committee to require all persons and the oppropriation. The track of the decensed the proposition of the committee to gether with the bill accompanying and report be recommented with instructions to the committee to require all persons and the proposition. The track of the decense of the safe such proposition. The track of the decense of the safe such proposition of the committee to gether with the bill accompanying part of the appropriation to the limited and the proposition of the committee to require all persons and the proposition of the committee to require all persons and the proposition. T

dwellings were drawn into the vortex and and the heavy timbers were carried hundreds

Later,-A Post-Dispatch special says: "At Later.—A Post-Dispatch special says: "At Montrose, Henry county, last night the storm entirely demolished the Baptist and Christian churches and did more or less damage to several other buildings. The Farmers Institute school building was struck by the cyclone. Thirty-five children were in the building, and the wind carried the structure entirely away, strewing debris over the prairie for a mile, and children were in some instances carried a long distance, a

was nearly destroyed yesterday afternoon by a cyclone, gives further particulars of the terrible storm. He says the wildest confusion has reigned all day. The town was crowded with people from the surrounding country, who flocked in to see the devastation wrought by the cruel wind. The fork of clearing away the debris was commenced after the storm had passed and has been kept up incessantly ever since, but it will require several days to thoroughly overhaul the ruins. Two more dead bodies have been exhumed, and it is thought there are still a woman and child beneath the ruins. E. G. Biggerstoff was on the street when the two storm clouds united and made their terrible rush was on the street when the two storm clouds united and made their terrible rush for the town. He stood directly in line of the fonnel-shaped cloud, and thinking to get out of its way he started to run, but had not proceeded a dozen yards when he was enveloped, drawn up several feet above the ground and hurled against a brick building, but escaped without even a bruise. He says that while he was up in the air, and within the whirling vortex of the cloud, he heard terrible crasning sounds, and could see myriads

whiring vortex of the cloud, he heard terri-ble crashing sounds, and could see myriads of sparks flying around, evidently electrical. The storm did not last more than a minute, and when it passed, all that part of the town which it touched was a waste.

was given the people to seek places of safety. Just before the funnel struck the town a loud roaring noise was heard, which was followed

GREAT LOSS OF LIFE over \$150,000. The destruction of country TO THE BITTER END.

At Other Points. the west were blown down; at this place had fell as large as goose eggs. At Holden a number of houses were blown down and others badly damaged; no lives reported lost.

At Renick, Mo. Sr. Louis, April 19.—A dispatch from Renick, Mo., says that a severe storm passed over there at 6 o'clock last night, blowing off two or three roofs, turning around a building or two and tearing down fences, trees, etc., in great numbers. It seems to bave been a part of the storm which struck

Facis About Torandoes General Hazes, the chief signal officer, is studying the subject of tornadors, and Ser-geant Finley will soon leave Washington for geant Finley will soon leave Washington for the purpose of making an investigation con-cerning the wind-storms which swept over Michigan, Iowa and Illinois, on the 6th instant. The signal service bureau issued last year a valuable monograph on the character of the storms of May 29 and June 30, 1879, and it has in press another paper by the same writer, containing a tabulated statement concerning 600 tornadoes, with generalizations founded upon their history and suggestions as to the proper method of statement concerning 600 tornadoes, with generalizations founded upon their history and its seemed to roll along within a few feet of the ground, and the houses were diverged in every direction. Trees were uprooted and twisted off close to the ground, and animals and persons were picked up and carried for yards through the air, then dropped bruised and bleeding to the ground. The track of the cyclone was about 150 yards wide and extended from the southwestern to the norther and bleeding. Two large business houses and dwellings. Two large business houses and dwellings. Two large business houses as the debris reattered in every direction. Frame the dwellings in the northern part of the town were forn completely to atoms and bleedings in the northern part of the town were forn completely to atoms and bleedings in the northern part of the town were forn completely to atoms and bleedings in the northern part of the town were forn completely to atoms and bleedings in the northern part of the town were forn completely to atoms and bleedings in the northern part of the town were forn completely to atoms and bleedings in the northern part of the town were forn completely to atoms and bleedings in the northern part of the town were forn completely to atoms and bleedings in the northern part of the town were forn completely to atoms and bleedings in the northern part of the town were forn completely to atoms and bleedings in the northern part of the town were forn completely to atoms and bleedings in the northern part of the town were forn completely to atoms and bleedings in the northern part of the town were forn completely to atoms and bleedings in the northern part of the town were forn completely to atoms and bleedings in the northern part of the town were forn completely to atoms and bleedings in the northern part of the town were forn completely to atoms and bleedings in the northern part of the town were forn completely to atoms and twellings. The the counties of Monroe, Polk, Bradier, Cumberland, Bledsoe, Squatch

and the heavy timbers were carried hundreds of yards. Among the stores destroyed were C. M. Kelly's drug store, W. D. Rumbert, hardware; B. W. Robinson, dry goods; C. Walters, confectioner; also the Central Hotel, railroad depot and telegraph office, and most of the best business buildings in the town. Telegraphic communication is cut off, and it is very difficult to obtain information. The Missouri Pacific railroad sent a special relief train from Sadalia late last night, and several dectors went to

THE SCENE OF THE TERRIBLE CALAMITY

Territories: Colorado, California, Indian Territory, Nevada, New Mexico, Montana, Rhode Island, West Virginia, and Wyoming. The storms occur most frequently between a starteneon. The average width of the path of the storm has been 1085 feet, and the storm cloud has traveled at a rate of from twelve to sixty son, Madison and Carroll shall compose the Eighth coogressional district. That the counties of Williamson, Maury, Giles, Lawrence, Hickman, Perry and Dickson shall compose the Seventh congressional district. That the counties of Welliamson, Maury, Giles, Lawrence, Hickman, Perry and Dickson shall compose the Seventh congressional district.

That the counties of Williamson, Maury, Giles, Lawrence, Hickman, Perry and Dickson shall compose the Seventh congressional district.

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That the counties of Welliamson, Maury, Giles, Lawrence, Hickman, Perry and Dickson shall compose the Seventh congressional district.

That the counties of Welliamson, Maury, G te render aid to the sufferers. Besides those reported killed last night, James Jackson had his back broken, and will die; C. M. had his back broken, and will die; C. M. Stiers and Schoelin southward. If he is northeast of the storm, should move quickly southward. If he is northeast of the storm, abould move northward, and if very near abould move northward. had his back broken, and will die; C. M. Kelly, leg broken; Perry Wilson, leg broken; Southeast of the storm, should move quickly southeast, which was the southeast of the storm, he should move northward, and if very near to the cloud, he should run eastward, bearing a little to the south. These are some of the directions given. Sergeant Finley will make a very thorough examination of the south.

A GALA WEEK.

Exentsions from All the Surrounding Towns to Memphis

the prairie for a mile, and children were in some instances carried a long distance, a number of them getting reriously hurt. The damage will be nearly \$20,000. At Calhoun, Henry county, a pottery building was blown in and a large amount of stock damaged."

ADDITIONAL PARTICULARS.

The Republican's correspondent, writing from Brownsville, the ill-fated town which was nearly destroyed yesterday afternoon by a cyclone, gives further particulars of the terrible storn. He prairie for a mile, and children were in some instances carried a long distance, a number of them getting reriously hurt. The damage will be nearly \$20,000. At Calhoun, Henry county, a pottery building was blown in and a large amount of stock damaged."

ADDITIONAL PARTICULARS.

The merchants have arranged for a fire after night on the bluff, at which the fire department will turn out in order to give those who have never seen a fire in the city an idea of the alarm and anxidea of the alarm and anx-incident upon such an occasion,

MR. DANIEL O'LEARY arrived in the city last night, and is at Gaston's. MR. LEON FRIEDMAN, of the firm of

LOCAL PARAGRAPHS.

-Raspberry vines are blooming. -The last of the amusement season [thi

-Mr. Daniel O'Leary lost a fine coach

be added to the medical corps of the army does added to the medical corps of the army of flexes and an advorable and as white and fair as above this place, caught a cattleb weighing of flexes and an advorable and as, white and fair as above this place, caught a cattleb weighing of flexes and of flexes the Pressure of the tentor of flexes and of the top common the payment of the minority sugs:

MINORITY REPORT.

The report of the minority sugs:

ANAROLISA, April 19.—President Arthur at Annapolisa (two littles and object to the payment by the general government of the fluoreal expenses of the partners of the fluoreal expenses of the payment of the services of the post form of the payment of the services of

The storm is said to have reached as far as Appleton City and blew down thirty-four houses. At Clinton a heavy hall-storm prevailed and all the windows facing Report on Redistricting the State, and Agree to Oppose the

> Majority Report to the Last-The Barrett Resolutions-Taxes on Sales of Whisky-Republican Caucus.

> Special to the Appeal. NASHVILLE, April 19.-The following is the Democratic minority report on reditricting the State:

That the counties of Johnson, Carter, Sullivan, Washington, Unicoi, Hawkins, Greene, Hamblen, Hancock, Claiborne, Union and Grainger shall compose the First congressional district of the State. That the counties of Jefferson, Cocke,

Sevier, Blount, Knox, Loudon, Roane, Anderson, Morgan, Campbell and Scott shall compose the Second congressional district.

1804 to 1881; Iowa, thirty-ene since 1854;
Ohio twenly-eight since 1823, and Iudiana;
twenty-seven since 1852. So far as can be
ascertained, there has been only one since
1794 in each of the following States and
Territories: Colorado, California, Iudian
Territory, Nevada, New Mexico, Montana,
Rhode Island, West Virginia, and Wyoming.
The storms occur, most freequently between

That the counties of Hardeman, Fayette, Shelby and Tipton shall compose the Tenth congressional district.

Sec. 2. That any new county hereafter created shall vote with the county from this it was to be a superior or the county from the c which it was taken until the next apportion ment in Congress. Sec. 3. That this set take effect from and

DEMOCRATIC CAUCUS.

The Democrats held a caucus and agree to take the above as a basis. A resolution was adopted to fight the majority report to the bitter end. It is probable that no redistricting bill will be passed. Simonton, whose home is in Tipton, arrived to-day to look after his district. CENSURES BUT DOES NOT EXPEL

the intent to influence his act, vote, opinion, de-cision or judgment on a matter then pending be-fore the Senate: therefore

Resolved. That it is the sense of the Senate that it is the duty of the proper authorities of the State to prosecute said parties under section 4797 of the Code of Tennessee.

A resolution was also offered declaring the seat of Senator W. R. Barrett vacant, he having unconditionally tendered his resigna-tion. The resolution empowering the Commit-tees on Elections to send for persons and pa-pers was taken up. Mr. Watson moved to substitute his resolution, declaring that the Senate would pay no attention to rumore, After discussion the motion was laid on the table, and on motion of Mr. Daniel the reso-lution was then adopted.

SANITARY COUNCIL

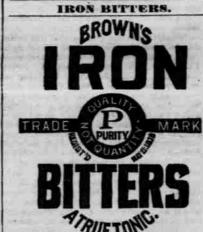
CHICAGO, April 19.—Advices received here concerning the cyclone which visited Brownstille, Mo., yesterday say that the storm struck the town at 4 o'clock p.m., and the storm struck the town at 4 o'clock p.m., and the storm struck the town at 4 o'clock p.m., and the storm of death and destruction was visible on every side. Large two-story brick business houses were lifted from their foundations and the ruins scattered in chaotic confusion in all directions. Frame dwellings were overturned and crushed into spinters, while large trees were uprooted and carried long distances by the force of the storm. Hoggen and other animals were picked up, carried various distances and dropped lifeless along the track of the storm. The first intimation the people had of the storm. The first intimation the people had of the storm of the people had of the storm. The first intimation the people had of the storm of the storm of the people had of the people had of the storm of the people had of th

Tononto, April 19.—Alexander Fisher manager of the Onternio Bank, killed himself. Caus.: protracted illness. His affaire at the bank are all right.

BAKING POWDER.

Absolutely Pure. This powder never varies. A marvel of purity trength and wholesomeness. More economics as the ordinary kinds and cannot be sold in suppetition with the multitude of low-test, short eight, alum or phosphate powders.

old only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., New York



BROWN'S IRON BITTERS are a certain cure for all diseases requiring a complete tonic; especially Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Intermittent Fevers, Want of Appetite, Loss of Strength, Lack of Energy, etc. Enriches the blood, strengthens the muscles, and gives new etc. Enriches the blood, strengthens the muscles, and gives new life to the nerves. Acts like a charm on the digestive organs, removing all dyspeptic symptoms, such as tasting the food, Belching, Heat in the Stomach, Heartburn, etc. The only Iron Preparation that will not blacken the teeth or give headache. Sold by all Druggists at \$1.00 a bottle. gists at \$1.00 a bottle BROWN CHEMICAL CO.

Bultimore, Md.

See that all Iron Sitters are made by Reows Cameras
Co. and have crossed red lines and traje mack on wrapper.

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HAIR VIGOR. HALL'S VEGETABLE SICILIAN HAIR tive agents in the vegetable kingdom color. It makes the scalp white and clean. It cures dandruff and humors, and falling-out of the hair. It furnishes the nutritive principle by which the It is the most economical preparation remain a long time, making only an occasional application necessary. It is medical men, and officially endorsed by the State Assayer of Massachusetts. The popularity of Hall's Hair Renewer years, both in this country and i foreign lands, and it is now known and

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used in all the civilized countries of

INSECT POWDER.



MEDICATED STEAM Vermin Destroyer

DISINFECTANT, NEW AND WONDERFUL INVENTION.

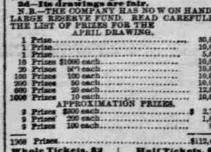
Moths and Parasites of all kinds.

The apparatus for generating the steam is an ordinary nursery lamp holding half a pint of the Medicated Fluid, with a tube at the top to direct the Medicated Steam upon any point infested with insects. It is heated with a small spirit lamp beneath the boiler. For Dwellings, Hotels, Steam Ships, Restaurants &c., nothing ever discovered equals this appliance. It is harmless to human life; is inexpensive and simple in its use. While a most potent means for destroying Vermin it is the best disinfectant known and may be most effectually used to prevent the spread of contagious diseases, such as Vellow Fever, most effectually used to prevent the spread of contagious diseases, such as Yellow Fever, Searlet Fever, Typhoid Fever, Diptheria, Small Pox, &c. One trial is the best proof of the great advantages of this over all other appliances. For sale by Draggists and General Dealers.

J. C. SPENCER, Proprietor, DISTRIBUTION COMPANY.

43d POPULAR MONTHLY DRAWING OF THE COMMONWEALTH

SATURDAY, APRIL 29, 1882.



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